<u>Lesson Plan Session 2023-24</u>
B. Sc. I PHYSICS (Semester I)
Paper: Mechanics

SEPTEMBER

Fundamentals of Dynamics: Rigid body, Moment of Inertia, Radius of Gyration, Theorems of perpendicular and parallel axis (with proof), Moment of Inertia of ring, Disc, Angular Disc, Solid cylinder, Solid sphere, Hollow sphere, Rectangular plate, Square plate, Solid cone, Triangular plate, Torque, Rotational Kinetic Energy, Angular momentum, Law of conservation of angular momentum, Rolling motion, condition for pure rolling, acceleration of body rolling down an inclined plane, Flywheel, Moment of Inertia of an irregular body.

OCTOBER

Elasticity: Deforming force, Elastic limit, stress, strain and their types, Hooke's law, Modulus of rigidity, Relation between shear angle and angle of twist, elastic energy stored/volume in an elastic body, Elongation produced in heavy rod due to its own weight and elastic potential energy stored in it, Tension in rotating rod, Poisson's ratio and its limiting value, Elastic Constants and their relations. Torque required for twisting cylinder, Hollow shaft is stiffer than solid one. Bending of beam, bending moment and its magnitude, Flexural rigidity, Geometrical moment of inertia for beam of rectangular cross-section and circular cross-section. Bending of cantilever (loaded by a weight W at its free end), weight of cantilever uniformly distributed over its entire length. Dispersion of a centrally loaded beam supported at its ends, determination of elastic constants for material of wire by Searle's method.

NOVEMBER

Special Theory of Relativity: Michelson's Morley experiment and its outcomes, Postulates of special theory of relativity, Lorentz Transformations, Simultaneity and order of events, Lorentz contraction, Time dilation, Relativistic transformation of velocity, relativistic addition of velocities, variation of mass-energy equivalence, relativistic Doppler effect, relativistic kinematics, transformation of energy and momentum, transformation of force, Problems of relativistic dynamics.

DECEMBER

Gravitation and central force motion: Law of gravitation, Potential and field due to spherical shell and solid sphere. Motion of a particle under central force field, Two body problem and its reduction to one body problem and its solution, compound pendulum or physical pendulum in form of elliptical lamina and expression of time period, determination of g by means of bar pendulum, Normal coordinates and normal modes, Normal modes of vibration for given spring mass system, possible angular frequencies of oscillation of two identical simple pendulums of length (l) and small bob of mass (m0 joined together with spring of spring constant (k).

Lesson Plan 2023-24
B. Sc. II PHYSICS (Semester III)
Paper V: **Computer Programming and Thermodynamics**

SEPTEMBER

Computer organization, Binary representation, Algorithm development, Flow charts and their interpretation. FORTRAN Preliminaries: Integer and floating point arithmetic expression, built in functions, executable and non-executable statements, input and output statements, Formats, IF, DO and GO TO statements, Dimension arrays, statement function and function subprogram. Algorithm, Flow Chart.

Programming for Print out of natural numbers, Range of the set of given numbers, Ascending and descending order, Mean and standard deviation, Least square fitting of curve, Roots of quadratic equation, Product of two matrices, Numerical integration (Trapezoidal rule and Simpson 1/3 rule) .

OCTOBER

Thermodynamic system and Zeroth law of thermodynamics. First law of thermodynamics and its limitations, reversible and irreversible process. Second law of thermodynamics and its significance, Carnot theorem, Absolute scale of temperature, Absolute Zero and magnitude of each division on work scale and perfect gas scale, Joule's free expansion, , Joule Thomson effect, Joule-Thomson (Porous plug) experiment, conclusions and explanation, analytical treatment of Joule Thomson effect.

NOVEMBER

Entropy, calculations of entropy of reversible and irreversible process , T-S diagram, entropy of a perfect gas, Nernst heat law(third law of thermodynamics), Liquefaction of gases, (oxygen, air, hydrogen and helium), Solidification of He below 4K, Cooling by adiabatic demagnetization. Derivation of Clausius-Clapeyron and Clausius latent heat equation and their significance,specific heat of saturated vapours,phase diagrame and triple point of a substance, development of Maxwell thermodynamical relations. Thermodynamical functions: Internal energy (U), Helmholtz function (F), Enthalpy (H), Gibbs function (G) and the relations between them.

DECEMBER

Derivation of Maxwell thermodynamical relations from thermodynamical functions,Application of Maxwell relations: relations between two specific heats of gas, Derivation of Clausius-Clapeyron and Clausius equation,variation of intrinsic energy with volume for (i) perfect gas (ii)Vanderwall gas (iii)solids and liquids , derivation of Stefans law, adiabatic compression and expention of gas & deduction of theory of Joule Thomson effect and revision.

Paper VI: **Waves and Optics -I**

September

Interference by Division of Wave front: Young's double slit experiment, Coherence, Conditions of interference, Fresnel's biprism and its applications to determine the wavelength of sodium light and thickness of a mica sheet, Lloyd's mirror, Difference between Bi-prism and Llyod mirror fringes, phase change on reflection.

October

Interference by Division of Amplitude: Plane parallel thin film, production of colors in thin films, classification of fringes in films, Interference due to transmitted light and reflected light, wedge shaped film, Newton's rings, Interferometer: Michelson's interferometer and its applications to (i) Standardization of a meter (ii) Determination of wavelength.

November

Fresnel's diffraction: Fresnel's assumptions and half period zones, rectilinear propagation of light, zone plate, diffraction at a straight edge, rectangular slit and circular aperture, diffraction due to a narrow slit and wire.

December

Fraunhoffer diffraction: single-slit diffraction, double-slit diffraction, N-slit diffraction, plane transmission granting spectrum, dispersive power of grating, limit of resolution, Rayleigh's criterion, resolving power of telescope and a grating. Differences between prism and grating spectra.

B. Sc. III PHYSICS (Semester V)

Paper: Quantum & Laser Physics

August

Overview & Origin quantum physics (Experimental basis), scale of quantum physics, Photon, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect, Frank-Hertz experiment, de-Broglie hypothesis. Davisson and Germer experiment, G.P.Thomson experiment. Phase and group velocity, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Uncertainty principle from de Broglie wave, Wave-particle duality.

September

Gamma Ray Microscope, Electron diffraction from a slit. Derivation of 1-Dtime-dependent Schrodinger wave equation (subject to force, free particle). Time-independent Schrodinger wave equation, Orthogonality and normalization of function, observer and operator. Expectation values, probability current density, Application of Schrodinger wave equations.

Free particle in one-dimensional box: Complete solution of Schrodinger wave equation. One dimensional step potential $E > V_o$ and $E < V_o$, One dimensional potential barrier, $E > V_0$ and $E < V_o$. Solution of Schrodinger equation for harmonic oscillator.

October

Absorption and emission of radiation, Main featuresof a laser: Directionality, high intensity, high degree of coherence, spatial and te
mporal coherence, Einstein's coefficients and possibility of amplification, mome
ntum transfer, life time of a level, kinetics of optical absorption (two and three level rate equation, Fuchbauer landerburg formula).population inversion: A necessary condition for light amplification

November-December

Resonance cavity, laser pumping, Threshold condition for laser emission, line broadening mechanism, homogeneous and inhomogeneous line broadening (natural, collision and Doppler broadening).

He-Ne laser and RUBY laser (Principle, Construction and working), Optical properties.

Semiconductor laser (Principle, Construction and working), Applications of lasers, revision.

B. Sc. III PHYSICS (Semester V)

Paper: Nuclear Physics

SEPTEMBER

Unit I: Nuclear Structure and Properties of Nuclei Nuclear composition (p-e and p-n hypotheses), Nuclear properties; Nuclear size, spin, parity, statistics, magnetic dipole moment, quadruple moment (shape concept). Determination of mass by Bain-Bridge, Bain-Bridge and Jordan mass spectrograph. Determination of charge by Mosley Law. Determination of size of nuclei by Rutherford Back Scattering. mass and binding energy, systematic of nuclear binding energy, nuclear stability

OCTOBER

Unit II: Nuclear Radiation decay Processes Alpha-disintegration and its theory. Energetics of alpha-decay, Origin of continuous beta spectrum (neutrino hypothesis), types of beta-decay and energetics of beta-decay. Nature of gamma rays, Energetics of gamma rays. Radiation interaction Interaction of heavy charged particles (Alpha particles); Energy loss of heavy charged particle (idea of Bethe formula, no derivation), Range and straggling of alpha particles. Geiger-Nuttal law. Interaction of light charged particle (Beta-particle), Energy loss of beta-particles (ionization), Range of electrons, absorption of beta-particles. Interaction of Gamma Ray; Passage of Gamma radiations through matter (Photoelectric, Compton and pair production effect) electron-positron annihilation. Absorption of Gamma rays (Mass attenuation coefficient) and its application.

NOVEMBER

Unit III: Nuclear Accelerators Linear accelerator, Tendem accelerator, Cyclotron and Betatron accelerators. Nuclear Radiation Detectors. Gas filled counters; Ionization chamber, proportional counter, G.M. Counter (detailed study), Scintillation counter and semiconductor detector.

DECEMBER

Unit IV: Nuclear reactions. Nuclear reactions, Elastic scattering, Inelastic scattering, Nuclear disintegration, Photonuclear reaction, Radiative capture, Direct reaction, Heavy ion reactions and spallation Reactions. Conservation laws, Q-value and reaction threshold. Nuclear Reactors. Nuclear Reactors, General aspects of Reactor Design. Nuclear fission and fusion reactors, (Principle, construction, working and use).